Kolloquium Angewandte Mathematik Prof. Thomas Apel (BAU1) Prof. Matthias Gerdts (LRT1) Prof. Joachim Gwinner (LRT1) Vertretungs-Prof. Sven-Joachim Kimmerle (BAU1) Prof. Markus Klein (LRT1)



Vortragsankündigung

Am Dienstag, den 16.05.2017, hält um 15:30 Uhr

Monika Weymuth (Universität Zürich)

einen Gastvortrag über das Thema

Adaptive Local (AL) Basis for Elliptic Problems with L^{∞} -Coefficients

Der Vortrag findet im Raum 1201 in Gebäude 33 statt.

Vortragszusammenfassung

We define a generalized finite element method for the discretization of elliptic partial differential equations in heterogeneous media. In [1] a method has been introduced to set up an adaptive local finite element basis (AL basis) on a coarse mesh with mesh size H which, typically, does not resolve the matrix of the media while the textbook finite element convergence rates are preserved. This method requires $O(\log(\frac{1}{H})^{d+1})$ basis functions per mesh point where d denotes the spatial dimension of the computational domain. Since the continuous differential operator is involved in the construction, the method, where the AL basis is constructed by solving finite-dimensional localized problems. A key tool for the discretization of the differential operator is the theory developed in [2]. We will prove that the localized method converges linearly with respect to the energy norm. Important tools for the error analysis are Caccioppoli's inequality and the construction of a local cutoff function in an

annular domain. This construction is based on some new results concerning the $W^{1,p}$ -regularity of the Poisson problem with complicated coefficients. Bounds for the gradient of the solution in the L^p -norm are derived and it is shown that they only depend on the size of the jumps in the coefficients.

Literatur

- L. Grasedyck, I. Greff, and S. Sauter. The AL basis for the solution of elliptic problems in heterogeneous media. *Multiscale Model. Simul.*, 10(1):245–258, 2012.
- [2] D. Peterseim and S. Sauter. Finite elements for elliptic problems with highly varying, nonperiodic diffusion matrix. *Multiscale Model. Simul.*, 10(3):665–695, 2012.

Alle Interessierten sind dazu herzlich eingeladen.